4.—Statistics of the Leading Industries of the Province of Ontario, 1941—concluded

| - | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| | Industry | Estab- lish- ments | Capital | Em- ploy- ees | Salaries and Wages | Cost of Materials | Gross Value of Products ¹ |
| 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 22 23 24 26 27 28 30 31 33 33 33 33 33 33 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 | Machinery. Butter and cheese. Sheet metal products. Brass and copper products. Petroleum products. Castings, iron. Fruit and vegetable preparations. Aircraft. Hosiery and knitted goods. Bread and other bakery products. Biscuits, confectionery, cocoa, etc. Hardware and tools. Clothing, men's factory. Railway rolling-stack. Miscellaneous iron and steel products. Agricultural implements. Printing and publishing, Miscellaneous chemicals. Acids, alkalies, and salts. Leather tanneries. Printing and bookbinding. Boxes and bags, paper. Coke and gas products. Woollen cloth. Cotton yarn and cloth. Shipbuilding. Miscellaneous paper products. Foods, miscellaneous, including coffee, tea, etc. | No. 164 896 898 89 155 100 172 133 101 1,180 85 145 107 14 81 244 299 85 18 27 580 90 16 34 4 20 16 86 | 30, 372, 330 43, 643, 813 43, 643, 813 32, 512, 711 29, 262, 451 39, 104, 980 36, 603, 983 35, 392, 218 26, 298, 299 26, 690, 832 34, 874, 032 19, 102, 875 27, 062, 506 45, 422, 009 57, 837, 705 25, 405, 110 39, 168, 295 31, 904, 259 25, 056, 954 25, 560, 012 17, 884, 737 19, 730, 028 29, 916, 626 19, 829, 110 18, 644, 365 | 7,955 8,932 2,344 9,815 6,979 14,345 11,900 7,590 8,652 10,116 6,776 10,373 8,044 7,405 3,996 5,141 2,552 5,283 6,709 4,343 4,344 3,541 | 4,520,461 15,477,191 6,307,095 20,854,084 13,209,700 12,938,751 42,554,561 11,438,367 11,371,036 16,344,665 11,827,821 12,784,579 9,346,140 6,617,410 4,911,219 10,769,579 6,321,166 3,790,781 6,186,414 7,178,535 7,178,535 7,1064,487 4,967,620 | 53, 948, 624 35, 168, 376 34, 343, 772 43, 269, 989 22, 826, 093 28, 916, 370 9, 929, 642 22, 393, 239 20, 378, 978 12, 277, 526 20, 403, 557 19, 180, 322 12, 908, 033 13, 795, 618 7, 865, 719 180, 322 12, 908, 033 13, 795, 618 7, 865, 719 16, 956, 194 8, 511, 352 20, 662, 491 11, 980, 969 17, 287, 572 14, 313, 519 16, 815, 610 13, 620, 629 6, 616, 852 14, 917, 675 | 73, 420, 256 62, 087, 940 58, 888, 770 54, 453, 303 52, 762, 175 49, 872, 981 45, 028, 153 44, 577, 422 43, 414, 873 35, 954, 270 35, 954, 270 35, 954, 270 35, 925, 466 35, 752, 569 33, 227, 465 32, 294, 093 32, 271, 121 30, 828, 361 29, 562, 946 29, 302, 616 29, 068, 204 88, 712, 757 28, 497, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 28, 094, 195 29, 101, 314 26, 013, 026 |
| 39 | Wire and wire goods. Furniture. Clothing, women's factory | 50 198 236 | 22,069,686 18,656,281 | | 6,269,367 9,172,386 7,254,890 | 7,944,468 11,027,042 | 24,927,158 24,181,554 |
| 1 | Totals, Forty Leading Indus- tries | 6,236 | 1,756,540,093 | 345,356 | 504,908,182 | 1,347,917,125 | 2,432,955,369 |
| | Totals, All Industries | 10,250 | 2,336,788,884 | 468,230 | 660,722,278 | 1,683,912,216 | 3,121,756,568 |
| _ | Percentage of forty leading in- dustries to totals of all industries in the Province | 60-8 | 75-2 | 73 · 8 | 76-4 | 80.0 | 77-9 |

¹See footnote 1, Table 2, p. 412.

Section 4.—The Manufactures of the Prairie Provinces, 1941

The leading industries of these Provinces are those based on their agricultural resources—their grain-growing, cattle-raising, and dairying areas. Next in importance, generally, are industries providing for the more necessary needs of the resident population, such as bread and baking, printing and publishing, etc. The extensive railway services require large shops for the maintenance of rolling-stock, especially in the Winnipeg area. The widespread use of motor-vehicles and power machinery on farms has given rise to petroleum refineries in each province. The greatly increased production of crude petroleum in Alberta seems likely to lead to further development of the refining industry. Manitoba, as the early commercial centre of the prairies, has had a greater industrial development than either of the other provinces. Its natural resources of accessible water powers, forests, and, more recently, minerals, have given rise to quite a diversification of industrial production.

Considering the three Provinces as an economic group, slaughtering and meat packing had the largest gross production in 1941, amounting to \$112,951,716, followed by butter and cheese with \$44,062,012, and flour and feed mills with \$38,575,041. These three industries for the processing of the agricultural products of the Provinces accounted for 43 p.c. of their total manufacturing production.